Lab 02 - Monte-Carlo integration

- Determine the value of π using Monte-Carlo integration. Considering the value upto four decimal places as the correct value, determine the error as a function of number of Monte-Carlo steps.
- Determine the area of an ellipse with semi-major axis a = 5 cm and semi-minor axis b = 2 cm using (a) trapeziodal rule, (b) Simpson's rule, (c) Monte Carlo integration and compare the results with theoretical value using the value of π upto four decimal places.

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• Determine the volume of an ellipsoid with the axes a = 5 cm, b = 10 cm and c = 15 cm.

▶ Consider a set of *n*-dimensional unit spheres $(3 \le n \le 20)$. The general equation for the spheres is given as:

$$\mathbf{x}_1^2 + \mathbf{x}_2^2 + \dots \mathbf{x}_n^2 = 1$$

Determine the volumes in each case. Plot the time requirement for volume calculation as a function of dimension of the sphere.